




# Congressional Debate

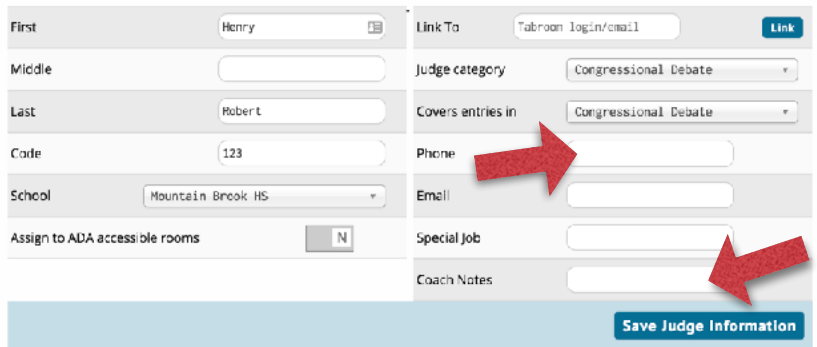
## 2018 Packet

### Coaches/Sponsors:

1. **Please confirm your school's entry is accurate:** all entries should be assigned to a chamber, and legislation submitted should be in the legislative docket for the same chamber as its author.  
 Email problems, questions or concerns to: [info@congressionaldebate.org](mailto:info@congressionaldebate.org).
2. **Any changes to contestants and/or judges must be made on this form: [congressionaldebate.org/barkley-changes](http://congressionaldebate.org/barkley-changes)** 
3. Chamber lists are arranged alphabetically, by last name, and each school has been assigned a numerical code for Congressional Debate (different from other BFHS events). **All contestants must know their school code.**
4. Please distribute this packet **to each student and judge**. No printed copies will be available.
5. Documents to take note of on the BFHS Tabroom site ([bfhs.tabroom.com](http://bfhs.tabroom.com)):
  - a. **Schedule page** - posted nearer to tournament
  - b. **Semifinal/Final legislation** - posted Jan. 17
  - c. **Pre-Tournament Bulletin** (rooms, latebreaking announcements) - posted week of tournament
6. Please **enter judge cell phones and conflict information** on Tabroom.com (see below for guidance).
7. At the end of the tournament, evaluation sheets may be picked up; others will be scanned at a later time.

### Judge Information & Expectations

In Tabroom.com, we ask all schools to include their judges' **cell phone** numbers, so we can reach judges in the event of requiring clarification. Also, note whether the judge is first-year out, is **neutral** (*does not know your students*), or has conflicts with other schools/students.



First	Henry	Link To	Tabroom login/email
Middle		Judge category	Congressional Debate
Last	Robert	Covers entries in	Congressional Debate
Code	123	Phone	
School	Mountain Brook HS	Email	
Assign to ADA accessible rooms	N	Special Job	
		Coach Notes	
<a href="#">Save Judge Information</a>			

Please make sure judges are trained:

[www.congressionaldebate.org/resources/judging](http://www.congressionaldebate.org/resources/judging)

All judges should read requirements for serving as a parliamentarian, and be ready to do so if asked.

There are mandatory judge meetings before prelims, semifinals, and finals. Unless an alternative is arranged, all judges are expected to report. Any judges who have mitigating circumstances must report those to the tab room. We cannot offer this kind of educational experience without cooperation from our judges – thank you!

# Tournament Rules

1. **📌 Rules provided herein** are primary; followed by National Speech & Debate Association rules. These ensure procedural consistency among chambers, and cannot be altered or suspended. Where these rules are silent, *Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised, 11th edition* shall prevail.
2. **📋 Competition Spaces:** *chambers violating these rules will not advance students to the next competition level.*
  - a. **Do not write on whiteboards/chalkboards.** An agenda report is given to each chamber for writing agenda order, and voting record. PO candidates should clearly say and spell their names aloud.
  - b. **Do not move furniture.** Seating charts are customized to eat room's design. Please throw away trash.
  - c. **Do not bring food into chambers, except water.** Please eat in common areas/cafeterias.
3. **💻 Technology:** National Speech & Debate Association rules allow for laptop computers (inclusive of tablets/iPads) in debate events (see [www.congressionaldebate.org/resources/laptop-use](http://www.congressionaldebate.org/resources/laptop-use)). Judges will monitor students and may elect to penalize students using laptops for non-Congress related business in chambers by choosing not to rank them, as well as deduct points. *Cell phones or other devices that are networked are not allowed while a chamber is in session.* Use of any device is subject to judge evaluation; serious infractions will be reported to the tab room.
4. **👤 Presiding Officer (PO):** POs are elected for each three-hour session by a single-ballot, majority vote, and may only be considered for one preliminary session unless no one else wishes to serve. The elected PO may choose to relinquish the chair once during debate to give a single speech. S/he must select from among other students who were candidates for election that session. Those students have the option of declining, and once no candidates remain, the PO may select another student. If no one wishes to replace the elected PO, s/he may not step down. A replacement PO must serve for the remainder of debate on the particular bill or resolution to which the elected PO speaks. Once debate has ended, and the replacement PO has called a vote on the legislation, the elected PO relieves the replacement PO, and serves out the rest of his/her term. When this happens, the PO may only receive up to half credit in presiding points, but her/his speech will be evaluated as well. A substitute PO is not eligible for points or evaluation by the judges.
5. **🕒 Agenda and Sessions:** Multiple agendas may be proposed; the winning agenda must receive approval by a majority vote of the chamber. Debate on legislation may not continue from one session to the next (i.e. Sessions 2 and 3 must start with new legislation not previously debated in that chamber). If the author of a bill or resolution - or his/her teammate - is not present in the chamber, withdraws from the tournament, or relinquishes authorship rights, another student may sponsor. School authorship privileges do not apply to secondary agenda or additional items if legislation from that same school is also in that chamber's docket. The *final* session ends at the posted start time, or once all students have had the opportunity to speak twice; however, students are not guaranteed two speeches. Students may move to limit debate on legislation (e.g., for an hour per legislation) by a two-thirds vote (altering the standing rules).
6. **🗣️ Floor Speeches:** Precedence and recency is the required method for recognizing speakers. Speaking order resets at the end of each session. Presiding officers are prohibited from using "activity" or "longest standing/standing time" prior to establishing precedence and recency; rather, they should select speakers fairly and consistently. All speeches are three minutes; unused speaking time is not rolled into questioning periods.
7. **🗣️ Questioning:**
  - a. After authorship/sponsorship, and first negative speeches on each legislation is a two-minute period.
  - b. All other speeches are followed by a one-minute questioning period.
  - c. Elimination rounds use direct questioning ([www.congressionaldebate.org/resources/direct-questioning](http://www.congressionaldebate.org/resources/direct-questioning))
  - d. The PO recognizes legislators who wish to ask a question; not the floor speaker.
  - e. Rules may not be suspended to create permanent, additional questioning periods, nor to abolish questioning.
  - f. The PO should rule "two-part," misleading, prefaced, or irrelevant questions out of order.
  - g. Excessive motions to extend questioning of speakers is discouraged, and judges will be encouraged to take how well the PO controls this into account when evaluating and ranking.

## 8. Penalties

- a. **Authorship:** A scorer may reduce points given to the **author** of a bill/resolution for his/her authorship speech if the legislation contains jurisdictional/factual/grammatical errors (no penalty for incorrect formatting). This standard especially should be applied to resolutions that should be bills (i.e., earmarking specific funding or specifying other enforcement mechanisms the Federal government would have jurisdiction over).
- b. **Over Time:** Any regular floor speech that extends more than ten (10) seconds beyond the maximum speaking time of three minutes shall be penalized one (1) full point by the scorer(s). The PO is required to keep the accurate time of each speech and report it to the scorer(s) when the speaker has finished. Judges shall penalize a PO for inaccurate timing and/or reporting. Additionally, judges are instructed to consider overtime speaking in their assessment of legislators for nomination/ranking purposes.
- c. **Wrong Side Speech:** A speaker recognized for a speech in the affirmative but delivers a speech in negation (or vice versa) should be ruled out of order by the PO after confirming with the parliamentarian. The speech shall count for purposes of recency, but receives zero points from the scorer.

## 9. Voting: The PO determines method of voting on each question before the chamber. Notes on voting:


- a. Final votes on legislation; amendments; and motions to appeal the chair require a recorded vote. The chair may cast a vote after the rest of the chamber has voted, and that vote shall count for or against the majority. These votes are based upon number of legislators seated in the chamber – including the presiding officer – when the session begins. *All* simple majority votes are based upon the number of legislators *present* and *voting* in the chamber; therefore, the PO does not need to call for or count abstentions.
- b. Voice voting is acceptable for all other votes, but a recorded vote must be taken if any legislator calls for a division of the chamber. Roll call votes are prohibited.
- c. For all votes requiring a fraction of the chamber to agree to a motion or question (2/3, 1/3, 1/5, etc.), the chair determines whether the chamber agrees with the motion/question using the number of legislators *present* in the chamber at the time of the vote. Because of this system, the PO must track the number of legislators in the chamber at all times.

## 10. Amendment Process:

- a. Legislators submit amendments to the PO in writing, by moving *personal privilege* to approach the PO.
- b. A motion to amend is necessary to consider the written amendment; such a motion is in order anytime after the author/sponsor speech. Once the motion is made, the PO decides if the amendment is germane. The PO may consult with the parliamentarian to make this decision. If the amendment is deemed to be *not* germane, the chair rules it *out of order* and the amendment process stops. If the chair rules the amendment germane, s/he should read the contents of the amendment to the chamber.
- c. A one-third *second* vote of members *present* in the chamber is required to debate the amendment. If the chamber votes a second, debate on the amendment commences immediately. Legislators may move to lay on the table or previous question on the amendment at any time.
- d. If a speech on the amendment is recognized, the first is a *sponsorship* speech. The chair determines speaker recognition for the *sponsorship* speech on the basis of precedence/recency; the author of the amendment is *not* guaranteed the sponsorship speech. The sponsor accepts responsibility for the mechanics of the amendment and yields to two minutes of questioning.
- e. All amendment speeches receive a score and count towards precedence/recency. Those speeches should focus on the *amendment* itself, and how it affects the original outcome of the legislation. A majority vote is necessary for the chamber to adopt the amendment. If the amendment carries, further debate should consider the legislation *as amended*.

## 11. Decorum: Preliminary chambers are designated as houses; members are referred to as “Representatives.” Elimination chambers are senates; members are referred to as “Senators.” “Open chambers” are prohibited.

Note: Rules 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10 are unchanged from NSDA rules, but are included because they are often confused with regional/state differences.

 **Evaluation:** Speeches are scored on a scale of 1-6, with 6 being the best. Presiding officers are judged on a scale of 2-12, with 12 being the best. Judges rank the top eight speakers in the chamber; the presiding officer may or may not be included in the top eight. Advancement from preliminary rounds to tutorials, as well as placement, will follow National Speech & Debate Association Congressional Debate protocols for cumulative rank tabulation.

Students invited to compete at the semifinal level earn one bid to the University of Kentucky Tournament of Champions.

Evaluation sheets (ballots) can be picked up in person after awards, or scanned versions may be retrieved online at some point following the tournament.

## Legislative Docket & Chamber Roster

All preliminary chambers are assigned 9 items of legislation. Each chamber must include in the top half of its agenda order legislation listed in the *priority agenda* column.

Chamber	Priority Agenda*	Secondary Agenda	Additional Items
1	1-1 - 1-3	3-1 - 3-4	2-2, 2-4
2	2-1 - 2-4	4-1 - 4-4	10-1
3	3-1 - 3-4	1-1 - 1-3	2-2, 2-4
4	4-1 - 4-4	2-1 - 2-4	10-1
5	5-1 - 5-3	10-1 - 10-4	4-1, 6-2
6	6-1 - 6-4	7-1 - 7-3	3-2, 10-4
7	7-1 - 7-3	6-1 - 6-4	3-2, 10-4
8	8-1 - 8-4	9-1 - 9-4	1-2
9	9-1 - 9-4	8-1 - 8-4	1-2
10	10-1 - 10-4	5-1 - 5-3	4-1, 6-2

\* The priority agenda includes legislation written by a student assigned to that chamber.

**Did you read the section above, carefully? It's important!**

Twitter  @CongressDebate

Full Name	Chamber
Eriife Adelusimo	9
Anubhav Agarwal	5
Varun Aggarwal	9
Bennett Aikey	8
Satya Alagarsamy	7
Abdullah Ali	10
Dilan Amin	3
Isaac Appelbaum	6
Zander Arnao	8
Karthick Arunachalam	2
Faizan Asif	10
Nakul Bajaj	6
Sofie Behr	6
Madi Bendeck	4
Cassandra Berlin	7
John Bethea	9
Megan Bi	10
Andrew Binder	1
Garrett Bishop	1
Thomas Bizub	2
Ian Bluth	3
Michael Bole	7
Jonathan Boulanger	4
Artea Brahaj	9
Bryce Brown	7
Jack Bukovnik	4
Matthew Burke	3
Gabrielle Cabeza	7
Giancarlo Cabeza	2
Rosetta Cao	6
John Carlson	3
Jovan Carlton	1
Thomas Catapano	1
David Charles	6
Layla Christie	9
Alison Cohen	10
Janine D'Souza	7
Atharva Desai	7
Nicholas DeVito	5
Eric Dilts	8

Full Name	Chamber
Elizabeth Dods	1
Chris Dorworth	7
Lewis Dubrowski	1
Martha Ernest	5
Michael Evrard-Vescio	8
John Feighery	6
Nathan Felmus	8
David Feng	5
Bradley Fine	9
Evan Finley	1
Yvonne Fonrevay-Bedell	3
David Forbes	3
Jacob Forrest	9
John Fraipont	5
Chase Freeman	6
Arthur Frigo	1
Ava Givone	5
Surya Gopi	10
Alexander Gordon	5
Andrew Griffin	9
Thomas Guarino	5
Dan Guinto	8
Shilpa Gunuganti	4
Rohan Gupta	9
Gavin Gwaltney	1
Christopher Hamilton	2
Kayla Hamilton	1
Curtis Hawkins	7
Logan Heller	10
Abby Hickey	9
Laurel Holley	4
Seokyoung Hong	3
Henry Horgan	10
Riley Howington	10
Brooke Hoyt	4
Kanor Hutton	10
Ambreen Imran	6
Roopa Irakam	8
Chase Jacobson	9

Full Name	Chamber
Sophie Jin	6
Pio Jung	9
Abhiram Kakuturu	8
Madi Kaplan	2
Akhil Karandikar	9
Zev Karve	6
Lizzie Kerman	7
Jun-Yong Kim	3
Kenzo Kimura	2
Radhika Krishnamurthy	8
Aamir Laceywala	8
Henry Le	3
Griffin Leckie	1
Maya Levkovitz	6
Kelly Li	8
Sebastien Limbourg	8
Garrett Linney	4
Johnston Lloyd	10
Lena Lofgren	2
Victoria Lopes	8
Jakob Lucas	6
Sachi Madan	7
Maja Markovic	5
Alex Martin	1
Christopher Matei	5
Shane McHugh	9
Conner McMillin	3
Navya Mehta	3
Josh Meyer	4
Michael Miller	10
James Minor, III	1
Eshaan Modi	4
Eduardo Moeller	6
John Morgan	10
Trevor Munnial	5
Sofia Nachon	2
Natalie Navarrete	1
Cyrus Newquist	2
Aniket Nuthalapati	7

Full Name	Chamber
Audrey O'Brien	4
Benjamin Oakes	6
Daniela Paretto	5
Veejay Parsotan	9
Suchritha Patlolla	3
Christopher Patrick	6
Saketh Prazad	4
Ivana Ramirez	2
Sabrina Raouf	1
Dhvanii Raval	6
Chris Raymond	4
Raphaella Reis	5
Lewis Richardson	8
Maeve Rigney	5
Christian Rodriguez	10
Max Rosen	1
Bryce Rubens	4
Joa Sanchez	3
Andrei Santos	10
Michael Scellato	7
Brandon Schloss	4
Casey Schoonover	4
Emma Sedlak	3
May Sharma	7
Serena Singerman	5
Aditi Singh	9
Sahaj Singh	7
Kennedy Smith	10
Lindsay Spruce	8
Nitin Subramanian	2
Adarsh Sukumar	5
Andrew Sun	8
Tina Tarighian	4
Sydney Teh	7
Luke Tillitski	7
Valerie Trapp	2
Mary Tyrrell	2
Jessica Uvino	3
Andrew Van Slooten	7
Bhamini Vellanki	10

Full Name	Chamber
Michelle Velyunskiy	6
Arjun Viswanathan	8
Amar Vyas	8
John Wakefield	2
Gabriella Wandres	10
Joy Wang	1
Rose Wang	9
Ruby Wang	2
Theo Weimar	5
Taylor White	6
Daniela Williams	2
Brice Witt	3
Zachary Xi	4
Rohit Yarlagadda	10
Tim Yoon	3
Jeremy Yu	2
Michael Yu	5
Gian Luigi Zaninelli	2
Tiffany Zhao	9
Luca Zislin	1



## The Military Justice Improvement Act of 2018

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The decision on whether to court-martial serious crimes conducted within the military will be shifted from the military's chain of command to independent prosecutors instead. The process of investigating the reported crimes will also be the responsibility of independent prosecutors.

**SECTION 2.**

1. "Court-Martial" will be defined as the judicial court that tries members of the armed services of offenses against military law.
2. Serious crimes will include but not be limited to murder, sexual assault, assault and crimes of that nature.
3. Independent prosecutors will be defined as special attorneys appointed to investigate wrongdoing.

**SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will be responsible for the implementation of this legislation

- A. The department of justice will also be responsible for selecting independent prosecutors to investigate and prosecute crimes

**SECTION 4.** This bill shall be enforced starting January 1st 2019

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Jovan Carlton*



## A Bill to Hearten Our Healthcare

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Health insurance companies operating in counties of the United States  
3 that currently provide no available low-cost health insurance plans shall  
4 create at least one plan for low and middle income citizens.

5 A. The insurance plans shall meet the Minimum Essential Coverage (MEC)  
6 standard put forth by the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

7 **SECTION 2.** The previous terms are defined as follows:

8 A. "Low-cost plans" are defined as requiring a payment of less than  
9 \$100/month for health insurance.

10 B. "Low and middle income citizens" are defined as those who fall within  
11 the bottom three income tax brackets.

12 C. "Minimum Essential Coverage" is defined as the standards that clarify  
13 what must be covered by health insurance plans according to federal law.

14 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) shall oversee the  
15 implementation of this bill.

16 A. Any insurance companies not in compliance with this legislation will be  
17 penalized with a fine equivalent to 10% of their annual profit. This will  
18 occur for every year that the company fails to offer a qualifying plan.

19 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect January 1, 2019.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

21 *Respectfully submitted by Max Rosen*

22

23





## A Bill to Fully Fund the Border Wall

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Complete and total funding necessary to build the border wall along the  
3 southern border of the United States and northern border of Mexico will  
4 be appropriated immediately.

5 **A.** Designs for the border wall will be submitted to the federal  
6 government for evaluation. Final choices on the design of a physical  
7 barrier as well as sensor systems will be made by the federal  
8 government.

9 **B.** Construction on the border wall will begin within six months of  
10 passage of this legislation and will continue to be funded until the border  
11 wall construction is totally finished along our southern border.

12 **SECTION 2.** Border wall can include a physical barrier and/or sensors to detect illegal  
13 crossings of the United States southern border.

14 **SECTION 3.** Funding of the border wall will occur immediately upon passage of this  
15 legislation and will continue until construction is completed.

16 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Evan Finley.*

**A BILL TO FIND A CURE**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall dedicate a total \$5,000,000,000 (Five billion  
3 dollars) annually to cancer research.

4 **SECTION 2.** Cancer shall be defined as a malignant growth or tumor resulting from the  
5 division of abnormal cells.

6 **SECTION 3.** The National Institute of Health shall oversee the implementation of this  
7 legislation.

8 A. The funding for this legislation shall be reallocated from the  
9 Department of Defense annual budget.

10 B. The National Institute of Health shall cooperate and work with private  
11 institutions in the research for a cure.

12 C. This legislation shall be reviewed biennially until a cure is found.

13 D. In the event a cure is discovered, the Institution whom discovered it  
14 may file for a patent of said cure.

15 E. If this institution who discovered a cure is a governmental institution,  
16 the United States shall file for the patent on the cure.

17 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect on October 1<sup>st</sup> 2018.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Respectfully submitted,*

*Rep. Christopher Hamilton*



## A Resolution to Amend the Constitution on Executive Actions

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article  
3 is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,  
4 which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution  
5 when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states  
6 within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

### 7 **ARTICLE 1**

8 **SECTION 1:** All Executive Actions made by the president have to be approved by the  
9 acting President of the Senate as well as the Speaker of the House in the span of one  
10 month. If they fail to vote within one month, their vote in the matter is void, therefore  
11 the Executive Action passes and only the Supreme Court can annul it.

12 **SECTION 2:** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate  
13 legislation.

14

15

16

*Respectfully Submitted: Sen. Nachon*



## A Bill Bust Digital Trusts

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A. Alphabet, the parent company of Google, will be required to relinquish  
3 control of AdMob and Doubleclick. Facebook will be required to  
4 relinquish Instagram.

5 **B.** The Department of Justice is instructed to investigate Alphabet,  
6 Facebook and Amazon for violation of antitrust law. The Department of  
7 Justice shall be empowered to mandate the relinquishment of further  
8 subsidiaries and impose other necessary penalties in order to prevent  
9 monopolistic behavior.

10 **SECTION 2.** The Federal Trade Commission is instructed to investigate data collection  
11 techniques used by platforms like Google and Facebook and implement  
12 necessary regulations to protect consumers' data and privacy.

13 **SECTION 3.** Monopolistic behavior shall be defined as actions that a firm with  
14 significant and durable market power takes to raise prices or exclude  
15 competitors.

16 **SECTION 4.** The Federal Trade Commission and the Department of Justice will  
17 oversee the implementation of this bill

18 **SECTION 5.** This legislation shall take effect May 14, 2018.

19 **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Jeremy Yu*



**THE YEMEN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 2017**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall take the following actions to mediate the crisis in  
3 Yemen:

4 A. Cease all arms sales to Saudi Arabia unless it is verified that they  
5 are no longer intervening in the Yemeni civil war and terminate  
6 their commercial blockade of United Nations aid.

7 B. Push for 5-way peace talks led by the United States and including  
8 Iran, Saudi Arabia, Houthi rebels, and the Hadi-led government.

9 C. Increase cooperation with the United Nations to deploy \$500  
10 million in humanitarian aid to the Yemeni people.

11 **SECTION 2.** Humanitarian aid shall be defined as aid aimed at preserving life and  
12 restoring quality of life in Yemen, specifically through developing  
13 infrastructure, improving sanitation and education, and providing  
14 vaccinations, safe water, food, and medical supplies.

15 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense and Department of State will jointly oversee  
16 the enforcement and implementation of Section 1A. The Department of  
17 State shall oversee the implementation of Section 1B. The Department of  
18 Defense and USAID shall work in conjunction with the United Nations to  
19 implement Section 1C.

20 **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect immediately upon passage.

21 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Respectfully submitted,  
Rep. Lena Lofgren,*



**A BILL TO END AFFIRMATIVE ACTION**

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1.** All programs that admit based on race or gender will be eliminated.
3. **SECTION 2.** This does not include organizations that are primarily oriented on race.
4. **SECTION 3.** Implementation will be overseen by the Department of Justice.
5. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2019.
6. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by John Carlson*



## A Bill to Give Back Power to the States

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A. Cannabis will be removed from the Drug Enforcement Agency's  
3 Controlled Substances list and states will be given the power to regulate  
4 the distribution and sale of cannabis to persons within their borders.

5 B. \$400 million dollars will be allocated towards research into cannabis  
6 and its effect on the body as well as its medical uses.

7 **SECTION 2.** Cannabis, also known as marijuana, shall be defined as a psychotropic  
8 drug derived from leaves of the cannabis plant.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice, as well as the Department of Health and  
10 Human Services, shall oversee the implementation of this bill.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation goes into effect on April 01, 2018.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Yvonne Fondrevay-Bedell.*







## A Bill to Create a Victory Plan for Somalia

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** A. The Department of Defense shall increase its military budget in Somalia by 5 million dollars for each of the next three years, earmarked for the purpose of protecting existing humanitarian aid.
- B. 100 tactical trainers shall be deployed to conduct training exercises and advise tactics.
- C. The United States Agency for International Development (USAID) Office of the Inspector General shall begin an investigation of corruption in the Somalian National Army.
- SECTION 2.** A. “Existing humanitarian aid” includes but not limited to infrastructure, construction, and the delivery of food and medication.
- B. “Increased military budget” shall be defined as funds given to the Somali Federal Government to be spent on troops, vehicles, or other tactical equipment used to protect humanitarian workers and operations.
- SECTION 3.** The Department of State, USAID, and the Department of Defense will enforce this legislation.
- A. The Department of State shall create a task force to ensure the military aid in this legislation is spent on protecting humanitarian aid operations. The task force shall report to Congress after each year, and aid can be suspended if results are unsuccessful.
- B. Military trainers who are deployed in Somalia shall be selected by the Department of Defense.
- SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the start of the next fiscal year.
- SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Suchritha Patlolla.*



## The Native American Unforgotten Act of 2017

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Native Americans living on Indian reservations will be able to claim ownership to  
3 the lands that they live on with property rights.

4 **SECTION 2.** Property rights are theoretical socially-enforced constructs in economics for  
5 determining how a resource or economic good is used and owned.

6 Indian reservations are a legal designation for an area of land managed by a  
7 Native American tribe under the U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs.

8 Native Americans are members of any indigenous peoples in the Americas, such  
9 as in the United States.

10 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of the Interior’s Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) shall be in  
11 charge of implementing this piece of legislation.

12 A. This agency will allocate \$3.5 billion annually from their budget towards  
13 projects in these communities including, but not limited to, infrastructure,  
14 education, and environment in all Indian Reservations.

15 B. Native Americans will be allowed to take deed to individual residential property  
16 with the ability to purchase and sell said properties.

17 C. Native Americans will be allowed to capitalize on energy resources or other  
18 services they make on their land as long as they comply with federal  
19 regulations in their respective areas (e.g. energy and agriculture)

20 D. Native American tribes and council leaders, alongside the BIA, will have  
21 oversight/governing authority for items B and C to preserve tribal interests.

22 E. The Black Hills in South Dakota will be restored to ownership by Sioux Nation.

23 F. The funds will come from an increase in the federal alcohol excise tax for any  
24 alcoholic beverage by \$10 (Distilled spirits’ current \$13.50 per proof gallon  
25 become \$23.50 per proof gallon, beer’s current \$18 per barrel becomes \$28  
26 per barrel, and wine’s \$1.07 per gallon becomes \$11.07 per gallon).

27 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall be implemented at the start of fiscal year 2019.

28 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Jonathan Boulanger.*



## A Bill to Invest in STEM

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- Section 1.** The US government shall invest \$200 million annually into STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math).
- A. **A.** Starting in 2020, all US public High Schools must offer a STEM program and it shall be made a graduation requirement for all public school students to participate in at least one STEM class.
- B. **B.** STEM startups founded until 2023 shall be exempt of paying corporate taxes.
- Section 2.** Funding for this bill will be proportional by population and shall be given to the states in the form of block grants.
- Section 3.** The Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs will enforce this bill and a quarterly audit shall be put in place to evaluate whether or not more money is needed. STEM startups shall apply for corporate tax exemption and the Internal Revenue Service is tasked with reviewing applications.
- SECTION 4.** This bill will be enforced immediately upon passage
- Section 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bryce Rubens*



**A Resolution to Promote Development of Artificial  
Intelligence in the United States Military to  
Increase Efficiency and Security**

1   **WHEREAS,** The United States and fellow NATO member states face a growing threat  
2                   from rapidly escalating international competition over militarized artificial  
3                   intelligence; and

4   **WHEREAS,** A lack of competitive artificial intelligence exposes NATO to potential  
5                   threats from countries with more advanced artificial intelligence programs;  
6                   and

7   **WHEREAS,** Artificial intelligence in military defense increases efficiency in dealing  
8                   with physical and cyber threats; and

9   **WHEREAS,** The United States has relevant artificial intelligence technology capable of  
10                  bolstering NATO capabilities in dealing with AI threats; now, therefore,  
11                  be it

12   **RESOLVED,** That the Congress urges the United States military to share and further  
13                  develop AI technology alongside NATO member states.

*Introduced by Garrett Linney*



## A Bill to Sanction Iran to Discourage Human Rights Violations

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall impose political and militaristic sanctions on the  
3 Iranian government.

4 **SECTION 2.** The political and militaristic sanctions will involve reemploying nuclear  
5 weapon sanctions that were suspended, restricting arms sales, and  
6 limiting Iran's oppressive radio and television stations.

7 **SECTION 3.** The US Department of State will oversee the implementation of this  
8 legislation.

9 A. Sanctions will be lifted once the Iranian government ends its  
10 systematic executions and oppression of activists and protestors.

11 B. If lifted, sanctions will be re-implemented if the tyrannical treatment  
12 of the Iranian people continues.

13 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall take effect immediately upon passage.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Shilpa Gunuganti.*



## **A Bill to Provide Rehabilitation in Federal Penitentiary Institutions to Lower Recidivism Rates**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All federal penitentiary institutions are to provide adequate psychological  
3 and medical rehabilitation to inmates serving non-life or death row  
4 sentences.

5 **SECTION 2.** Federal penitentiary institutions are to constitute any place of holding for  
6 criminals operated by the national government.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will oversee the enforcement of this bill and  
8 will be given the power to provide immediate closure to any institution  
9 found in violation.

10 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into implementation on December 25, 2020.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null  
12 and void.

13 *Introduced by Thomas Guarino.*



## A Bill to Approach the Northern Triangle from the Right Angle

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A. The United States will provide \$700 million to the US Strategy for  
3 Engagement in Central America.

4 B. The United States will provide \$300 million to the Mexican Commission for  
5 Refugee Assistance.

6 C. The United States Congress will be required to allocate no less than these  
7 amounts to each program yearly, adjusted for inflation.

8 **SECTION 2.** A. The US Strategy for Engagement in Central America shall be defined as the  
9 strategy that promotes prosperity, improves security, and strengthens  
10 government in El Salvador, Honduras, Guatemala, and other Central American  
11 countries.

12 B. The Mexican Commission for Refugee Assistance shall be defined as the  
13 Mexican Government agency in charge of Refugee admittance and aid.

14 **SECTION 3.** The Department of State in coordination with USAID shall implement this bill.

15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect in the FY2019 budget.

16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

17 *Introduced* BY ANUBHAV AGARWAL.



**A Bill to Exercise More Control Over DSH Funding**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.**       **A.**     The federal government will require states to disperse DSH  
3 funding to hospitals based solely on the percentage of needy patients.

4                       **B.**     The federal government will require states to disperse funding so  
5 that each qualifying hospital always has at least 30 days’ worth of DSH  
6 funding.

7 **SECTION 2.**       DSH funding refers to funding given to “disproportionate share hospitals.”  
8 These hospitals treat a higher than average number of uninsured and  
9 poor/needy patients. The “percentage of needy patients” is calculated by  
10 the methodology indicated in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care  
11 Act (PPACA).

12 **SECTION 3.**       The United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) will  
13 oversee the implementation of this legislation.

14                       **A.**     If HHS finds that a state is noncompliant with this law, either by  
15 withholding DSH funding from hospitals or refusing to disperse the funds  
16 according to PPACA methodology, HHS will give the noncompliant state  
17 a 2-month warning period.

18                       **B.**     If the warning period has elapsed and the state is still  
19 noncompliant, HHS will implement a federal takeover of the state’s DSH  
20 funding program.

21 **SECTION 4.**       This law shall take effect on January 1, 2019.

22 **SECTION 5.**       All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Rigney.*





## A Bill to Bring Broadband Internet to Africa

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** A. The United States will allocate 1 billion dollars in funding to build Internet infrastructure in African nations.  
B. Funds will be distributed to technological companies who choose to participate in this program and build Internet infrastructure in African nations.  
C. Companies who participate in the program will receive a 10% corporate tax credit.  
D. Companies will choose which African nations to aid.
- SECTION 2.** Technological companies shall be defined as any company able to provide the necessary infrastructure to establish Internet connection.
- SECTION 3.** The United States Agency for International Development will be responsible for transferring funds as outlined in Sections 1A and 1B. The Internal Revenue Service shall implement Section 1C.
- SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2019.
- SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.  
*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Charles.*



**RESOLUTION TO ABOLISH THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE**

1 **WHEREAS,** The Electoral College is an unfair and exclusionary method for  
2 determining our next President; and

3 **WHEREAS,** With the electoral college in place candidates need to target only certain  
4 states to win the presidency thereby excluding other states like Hawaii and  
5 Alaska; and

6 **WHEREAS,** Since candidates only targeting certain states other states have minimal  
7 say in the presidential election; and now, therefore, be it

8 **RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is  
9 proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which  
10 shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when  
11 ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within  
12 seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

13 **ARTICLE --**

14 **SECTION 1:** The Electoral College is hereby abolished. The President  
15 and Vice-President together shall be elected by popular  
16 vote.

17 **SECTION 2:** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by  
18 appropriate legislation.

*Respectfully submitted,*

*Rep. Jakob Lucas*



**A BILL TO BAN THE USE OF SOLITARY CONFINEMENT**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The use of Solitary Confinement as a means of punishment for prisoners is  
3 hereby banned in all fifty states and the territories of the United States of  
4 America.

5 **SECTION 2.** Solitary Confinement shall be defined as the isolation of a prisoner in a  
6 separate cell for long periods of time as a punishment.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Bureau of Prisons shall oversee the implementation of this  
8 legislation and The Department of Justice has the authority to enforce this  
9 legislation.

10 A. This legislation shall extend to privately owned prisons.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect 6 months after passage to allow ample  
12 time for prisons, The Department of Justice, and the Federal Bureau of  
13 Prisons to make necessary changes and create new rules.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Isaac Appelbaum*



## A Bill to Fully Fund the Border Wall

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Complete and total funding necessary to build the border wall along the  
3 southern border of the United States and northern border of Mexico will  
4 be appropriated immediately.

5 **A.** Designs for the border wall will be submitted to the federal  
6 government for evaluation. Final choices on the design of a physical  
7 barrier as well as sensor systems will be made by the federal  
8 government.

9 **B.** Construction on the border wall will begin within six months of  
10 passage of this legislation and will continue to be funded until the border  
11 wall construction is totally finished along our southern border.

12 **SECTION 2.** Border wall can include a physical barrier and/or sensors to detect illegal  
13 crossings of the United States southern border.

14 **SECTION 3.** Funding of the border wall will occur immediately upon passage of this  
15 legislation and will continue until construction is completed.

16 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Eduardo Moeller.*



## A Bill to Amend the Social Security Act to Allocate More Funds to Social Security

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Social Security Act of 1935 shall be amended as follows:

3 A. The cap on taxable income for the Social Security payroll tax shall be  
4 removed.

5 B. The full retirement age at which workers can collect unreduced Social  
6 Security benefits shall be increased by one year to 68 years of age.

7 C. The cost of living adjustment (COLA) shall be calculated using a  
8 chained consumer price index (chained CPI), replacing current use of  
9 standard CPI.

10 **SECTION 2.** The chained CPI is defined as the formula used to calculate living costs in  
11 the way that when prices for one item go up, people sometimes settle for  
12 cheaper substitutes.

13 **SECTION 3.** The enforcement of this bill will be undertaken by the Social Security  
14 Administration (SSA).

15 A. This bill will create the Social Security Solutions Committee (SSSC)  
16 under jurisdiction of the SSA to monitor the success of this legislation  
17 and generate further methods to increase the funds of the SSA  
18 budget and decrease the cost of the SSA.

19 **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect on January 1, 2020.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Andrew Van Slooten.*



## **The Stabilize the Arabian Peninsula Act of 2017**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The United States hereby suspends all approved and pending arms sales and military aid to Saudi Arabia.

**SECTION 2.** The Department of Defense shall define approved and pending arms sales and military aid to Saudi Arabia.

**SECTION 3.** The Department of State shall prepare quarterly updates for this Congress on the military activities and political influence of Saudi Arabia in Lebanon, Qatar, Yemen, and throughout the region. The suspension of arms sales and military aid shall be brought to a reauthorization vote in 12 months or sooner if warranted by the quarterly Department of State report.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect 30 days after passage.

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sydney Teh.*





## A Bill to Create Universal Health Care

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** The United States will use a universal, single payer health-care system for all American permanent residents.
- SECTION 2.** A universal, single payer health-care system will be defined as a health care insurance plan funded by the government. A permanent resident shall be defined as a green-card holder or an American citizen.
- SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the implementation of the health-care system.
- A. The Department of Defense will oversee the reallocation of 75 billion dollars to the Department of Health and Human Services in a new fund specifically for this cause.
- B. A permanent 2% tax raise on income tax will also be implemented. The money from this tax will be directed specifically to the maintenance of this healthcare system over the long term.
- SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect on January 1st, 2020.
- SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sachi Madan.*





**A BILL TO INCREASE BORDER SECURITY**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The Department of Homeland Security shall receive an additional 500 million dollars in funding to pay for an additional 6,200 Border Patrol Agents.

**SECTION 2.** A Border Patrol Agent shall be defined as a person securing international land borders and coastal waters, in order to safeguard the American people.

**SECTION 3.** This bill will be enforced by the Department of Homeland Security.

**A.** Of the 500 million dollars given to the Department of Homeland Security 100 million dollars shall be allocated to fund the education of these new agents at the Border Patrol Academy.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation shall be implemented immediately after passage.

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Respectfully submitted,  
Rep. Michael Evrard-Vescio*



### **A Bill to Implement a National Car Program for the Poor**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 Section 1. The government will subsidize the purchase of automobiles by applicants  
3 living under 225% of the Federal Poverty Line. Each applicant must be  
4 licensed to drive and must be able to show a significant need for a vehicle  
5 by submitting an application to the Department of Health and Human  
6 Services.

7 Section 2. “Subsidize” shall be defined as financial support to cover 70-80% of an  
8 automobile’s initial cost. The “Federal Poverty Line” shall be defined as  
9 the measure of income calculated by the Department of Health and Human  
10 Services to determine eligibility for Medicaid and other programs.

11 Section 3. The Department of Health and Human Services will be tasked to create an  
12 application including the finances of the applicant, the need for a vehicle,  
13 and the applicant’s ability to drive to earn this subsidy. The Department of  
14 Health and Human Services will receive \$5 billion annually to assist in  
15 paying for the vehicles.

16 Section 4. This legislation will go into effect in the FY 2019.

17 Section 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bennett Aikey.*



**THE PRISONER RE-ENTRY ACT OF 2018**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A. The United States Federal Government will mandate that all records of  
3 federal nonviolent criminals and their crimes are erased when they have  
4 completed their sentence and have been released back into society.

5 B. All employers will be prohibited from asking if a job applicant has been  
6 convicted of a nonviolent crime.

7 C. States that comply with these policies will receive a 5% increase in  
8 federal infrastructure funding.

9 **SECTION 2.** A. “Erase” is defined as completely wiping out all records of these crimes  
10 and their access to the public, including to employers.

11 B. “Nonviolent crimes” are defined as crimes that do not involve the use  
12 of force or injury towards another person.

13 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Justice will oversee the implementation  
14 of this legislation.

15 A. The Federal Bureau of Prisons will enforce this legislation and  
16 coordinate implementation.

17 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Respectfully submitted,*

*Rep. Roopa Irakam*



**A BILL TO INCREASE FUNDING FOR GENETICALLY MODIFIED MOSQUITOES TO DECREASE  
MOSQUITO-BORNE ILLNESSES**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** \$25 billion shall be allocated towards research and development of genetically  
3 modified mosquitoes to reduce the amount of mosquito-borne illnesses across the  
4 globe.

5 **SECTION 2.** A. “Research and Development” shall be defined as compiling data of the  
6 mosquito genome and developing technology that can alter the genome to reduce  
7 the number of mosquitoes.

8 B. “Genetically modified mosquitoes” shall be defined as mosquitoes that are  
9 altered with the intent to decrease the overall population of *Aedes aegypti* and  
10 *Aedes albopictus* through the creation of non-viable offspring. C. “Mosquito-  
11 borne illness” shall be defined as an illness that is transmitted by a mosquito bite,  
12 such as dengue, malaria, and zika.

13 **SECTION 3.** A. The National Institutes of Health (NIH) shall be responsible for aiding in the  
14 research, development, and testing of genetically modified mosquitoes. Any  
15 research and development done by the NIH will be shared with countries  
16 interested in contributing.

17 B. The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) shall oversee the  
18 allocation of funds towards the development of genetically modified mosquitoes.

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect beginning on FY 2020.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced by Rep. Dan Guinto.*



## The Cryptocurrency Regulation Act of 2017

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Due to a large surge in cryptocurrency trading, the U.S government shall  
3 now regulate cryptocurrency through the following means:

4 A. A 6% tax will be established on all transactions and trading of  
5 cryptocurrency

6 B. All institutions that trade cryptocurrency will now be regarded as  
7 “financial institutions”

8 **SECTION 2.** Cryptocurrency shall be defined as a digital currency in which encryption  
9 techniques are used to regulate the generation of units of currency and  
10 verify the transfer of funds. Cryptocurrency may include but is not limited  
11 to Bitcoin, Ether, Monero, and Dogecoin. Financial institutions shall be  
12 defined as institutions that are FDIC insured and follow FDIC laws &  
13 regulations.

14 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Federal Deposit Insurance  
15 Corporation (FDIC) shall oversee the implementation of this legislation

16 A. The Federal Reserve System will have oversight on cryptocurrency  
17 transactions to verify validity

18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect 90 days after passage

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Veejay Parsotan*



## A Bill to Negotiate Drug Prices

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** Section 1860D–11 of the Social Security Act is amended by striking subsection

(i) and inserting the following:

- A. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall negotiate with pharmaceutical manufacturers the prices that may be charged to Medicare Prescription Drug Plan sponsors and Medicare Advantage organizations for covered Medicare part D drugs for Medicare part D eligible individuals who are enrolled under a prescription drug plan or under a Medicare Advantage or Prescription Drug plan.
- B. Not later than July 1, 2019, and every six months thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate a report on negotiations conducted by the Secretary to achieve lower prices for Medicare beneficiaries, and the prices and price discounts achieved by the Secretary as a result of such negotiations.

**SECTION 2.** Medicare part D drugs shall be defined as those under the Medicare prescription drug benefit program. Medicare part D Individuals shall be defined as those enrolled in Medicare prescription drug benefit program

**SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the implementation of this bill.

**SECTION 4.** This bill shall take effect on January 1st, 2019

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Inspired by H.R. 4 2007; Introduced for Congressional Debate by Andrew Griffin.



## A Resolution to Implement a National Green Bank to Fight Climate Change

1	<b>WHEREAS,</b> There has been major underinvesting into green investments.
2	<b>WHEREAS,</b> The private sector needs to make bold investments or we will see the
3	detrimental effects of climate change.
4	<b>WHEREAS,</b> The impact of climate change will hurt stability around the world; and
5	<b>WHEREAS,</b> A Green Bank’s goal would distribute Treasury Bonds to be used for
6	green projects to lower emissions.
7	<b>RESOLVED,</b> That the Student Congress here assembled make the following resolution
8	to recommend the issuance of \$10 billion in bonds to the private sector to expand
9	investments in: solar, wind, and clean infrastructure projects.
10	<b>FURTHER RESOLVED,</b> The senate should pass strict standards on the qualification of
11	each board member of the Green Bank. The president and his cabinet should work with
12	the board to fund projects that would help tackle climate change.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Shane McHugh



**A Resolution to Promote Development of Artificial Intelligence in the United States Military to Increase Efficiency and Security**

1 **WHEREAS,** The United States and fellow NATO member states face a growing threat from  
2 rapidly escalating international competition over militarized artificial intelligence;  
3 and

4 **WHEREAS,** A lack of competitive artificial intelligence exposes NATO to potential threats  
5 from countries with more advanced artificial intelligence programs; and

6 **WHEREAS,** Artificial intelligence in military defense increases efficiency in dealing with  
7 physical and cyber threats; and

8 **WHEREAS,** The United States has relevant artificial intelligence technology capable of  
9 bolstering NATO capabilities in dealing with AI threats; now, therefore, be it

10 **RESOLVED,** That the Congress urges the United States military to share and further develop AI  
11 technology alongside NATO member states.

*Introduced by Rohan Gupta.*





## A Bill to Renew DACA

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Deferred Action For Childhood Arrival shall hereby be renewed for 20  
3 years.

4 **SECTION 2.** DACA is an American immigration policy that allowed some individuals  
5 who entered the country illegally as minors to receive a renewable two-  
6 year period of deferred action from deportation and to be eligible for a  
7 work permit.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the enforcement of  
9 the bill along with the specific enforcement mechanism.

10 **SECTION 4.** This Bill will be implemented on November 25th and will last for 20 years.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Senator Henry Horgan*



## A Bill to Pursue a Freeze for Freeze on the Korean Peninsula

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States will pursue a policy of “Freeze for Freeze” on the  
3 Korean Peninsula whereas United States will end its joint military  
4 exercises on the Korean Peninsula in exchange for North Korea ending  
5 their provocative behavior.

6 **SECTION 2.** Joint military exercises will be defined as the annual military exercises  
7 operated by the United States and the Republic of Korea. Provocative  
8 behavior will be defined as any ballistic missile or nuclear weapons  
9 testing.

10 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense and the Department of State will oversee the  
11 enforcement of this legislation. Joint military exercises between the  
12 United States and the Republic of Korea will continue until North Korea  
13 ends its provocative behavior.

14 **SECTION 4.** The bill will be enacted immediately upon passage.

15 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by John Morgan.*



**A BILL TO PROTECT VIRUNGA NATIONAL PARK TO  
ENSURE PEACE, SECURITY AND PROSPERITY**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States will reallocate \$400 million to secure the borders of Virunga  
3 National Park in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

4 **SECTION 2.** The borders of Virunga National Park shall be defined as its borders when it was  
5 renamed it 1969.

6 **SECTION 3.** AFRICOM, the African Command of the United States Army will be in charge of  
7 implementing this piece of legislation.

8 A. The Department of Defense as well as the UNESCO World Heritage Site  
9 Board will provide oversight in this legislation's implementation.

10 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect 3 months after passage.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Respectfully submitted,*

*Rep. Michael Miller*



**A BILL TO INVEST \$600B TO REBUILD OUR FAILING WATER SYSTEM**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The water infrastructure of the US, no longer considered acceptable, must be  
3 rebuilt and upgraded to prevent further leaks and contamination.

4 **SECTION 2.** The water infrastructure of the United States includes dams, reservoirs, water  
5 treatment plants, pipes, and pumping stations, along with any other transportation  
6 method necessary to carry water for use nationwide.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) will be responsible for overseeing  
8 the implementation of this bill.

9 A. The total money invested is \$600B in \$30B increments added to the Federal  
10 Budget with each Fiscal Year (FY).

11 B. The money will then be allocated to regions determined to have the most need  
12 for repair, as decided by the EPA in the manner with which they see fit.

13 C. The money will be used to gather data on the status of the infra- structure, and  
14 then by physically repairing the infrastructure gradually.

15 D. The \$30B at each FY Proposal can be taken from the military budget, or any  
16 other budget exceeding its necessary amount in proportion to the rest of the  
17 budget breakdown.

18 **SECTION 4.** This proposal will be implemented over a 20 year period, with the first \$30 billion  
19 increment in FY 2019.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Riley Howington*