

A BILL TO INCREASE BORDER SECURITY

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1. The Department of Homeland Security shall receive an additional 304,000,000 dollars in funding to pay for an additional 6,200 Border Patrol Agents.

Section 2. Border Patrol Agents shall be defined as a person securing international land borders and coastal waters, in order to safeguard the American people.

Section 3. This bill will be enforced by the Department of Homeland Security.

Section 4. This legislation shall be implemented immediately after passage.

Section 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Respectfully submitted,
Rep. Michael Evrard-Vescio, FAU High*

A Bill to Welcome Alien Minors and Provide a Pathway to Citizenship

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.**

3 A. All alien minors who entered the United States without proper
4 paperwork shall not be deported, threatened deportation denied
5 employment, nor denied equal educational opportunities due to lack of
6 American citizenship.

7 B. Alien minors, after living and working in the United States without
8 criminal conviction shall be able to apply for a pathway to citizenship.

9 **SECTION 2.** Definitions

10 A. “alien minor” is a person who entered the United States prior to their
11 eighteenth (18th) birthday.

12 B. “deportation” is the act of expelling (a foreigner) from a country,
13 typically on the grounds of illegal status.

14 C. “threaten” is to cause (someone or something) to be vulnerable or at
15 risk; endanger.

16 D. “educational opportunities” are those opportunities that aim to enable
17 individuals to acquire knowledge and certain skills, and to cultivate
18 certain capacities.

19 E. “pathway to citizenship shall follow standard naturalization procedures
20 currently identified by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services.

21 **SECTION 3.** Enforcement

22 A. The Immigrant and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Agency shall oversee
23 the actions of their officials to prevent violation.

24 B. The Department of Education shall oversee the enforcement of equal
25 educational opportunities.

26 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect six (6) months after passage.

27 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the legislators of Ransom Everglades School.

A Bill to Create a Single-Payer Health Care Program to Provide Comprehensive Coverage for All Americans

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** A federally administered single-payer health care program shall be
2 established to provide all individuals residing in the United States and U.S.
3 territories with free health care.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** “Free health care” shall include, but shall not be limited to, all medically
5 necessary care, such as primary care and prevention, dietary and
6 nutritional therapies, prescription drugs, emergency care, long-term care,
7 mental health services, dental services, and vision care.
- 8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services shall be charged with
9 implementation of this legislation in conjunction with the Internal Revenue
10 Service, the Indian Health Service, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and
11 the newly-established National Board of Universal Quality and Access.
- 12 **A.** The program shall be funded: (1) from existing sources of
13 government revenues for health care, (2) by increasing personal
14 income taxes on the top 5% of income earners, (3) by instituting a
15 progressive excise tax on payroll and self-employment income, (4)
16 by instituting a tax on unearned income, and (5) by instituting a tax
17 on stock and bond transactions. Tax-financing provisions shall be
18 annually set at the minimums necessary to meet the specifications
19 of this legislation. Amounts that would have been appropriated for
20 federal public health care programs, including Medicare, Medicaid,
21 and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), shall be
22 transferred and appropriated to carry out this legislation.
- 23 **B.** A National Board of Universal Quality and Access, consisting of 15
24 qualified members appointed by the President, by and with the
25 advice and consent of the Senate, shall be established to provide
26 advice on quality, access, and affordability.
- 27 **SECTION 4.** The program shall begin operation one fiscal year after passage of this
28 legislation.
- 29 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sen. Bruce Glasserman, Cooper City High School.

A RESOLUTION TO SUPPORT A PERMANENT JAPANESE MILITARY

1 **WHEREAS**, since World War II, Japan's military capabilities have been limited to defensive
2 forces; and

3 **WHEREAS**, the Japanese Self-Defense Forces are currently supplemented and supported by
4 United States Military personnel; and

5 **WHEREAS**, the threat to Japan posed by North Korea has been increasing; and

6 **WHEREAS**, the recent North Korean missile test violated Japanese airspace; now, therefore,
7 be it

8 **RESOLVED**, by the Student Congress here assembled that the United States shall support
9 Japan's efforts to build an offensive military force to protect itself and, be it

10 **FURTHER RESOLVED**, that this Congress shall support a change to Japan's constitution to
11 allow the establishment of a permanent Japanese military.

Respectfully submitted,

*Kanor Hutton
Miami Norland Senior High*

A Bill to Reform GMO Labeling in the United States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** All food sold in the United States will have GMO labelings written directly
2 on the package for the consumers knowledge and health.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** Any specific genetically modified organism(s) will be identify as an
4 ingredient in any particular food listed individually under the nutrition facts
5 subsection of U.S. food packaging to ensure quick and easy access to
6 ingredient information.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Agriculture will oversee the enforcement of the bill
8 by enforcing the following:
- 9 A. Outlaw the use of QR codes in order to acquire proper GMO labeling
10 information
- 11 B. Continue the required label “produced with genetic engineering” in
12 addition to changes outlined above after the passage of this bill.
- 13 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect on January 1st, 2018.
- 14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lillian Khanna

A Bill to End the Water Crisis in Palestine

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall suspend 1.5 billion dollars in military aid to the
3 state of Israel until the Israeli armed forces have rescinded Military Orders
4 92 and 158.

5 **SECTION 2. A.** Military Order 92 shall be defined as the initiative putting
6 Palestine’s water resources under Israeli military jurisdiction.

7 **B.** Military Order 158 shall be defined as the mandate requiring
8 Palestinians to obtain permits from the military in order to build
9 new water infrastructure.

10 **SECTION 3.** The Department of State and The United States Agency for International
11 Development shall oversee the implementation of this bill.

12 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect starting FY 2019.

13 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this bill are hereby considered null and void.

Introduced by Sen. Saja Hussein, Martin County High School

The Celestial Longevity Operations & Ubiquity Transaction (CLOUT) Act

SECTION 1. NASA shall receive funding of 25 billion dollars from the federal government to further their space exploration, along with research & development.

SECTION 2. A. The funding package will provide for their earth, planetary, physical science and aeronautics research.

B. NASA will supervise any and all launches made by private companies, and they are encouraged to engage in partnerships with the private sector.

SECTION 3. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration will implement the policies and mandates for research in this bill, while the Federal Aviation Administration will be responsible for monitoring funding.

SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect with the Fiscal Year 2018 budget.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Rep. Salonee Singh of Pembroke Pines Charter High School

A Resolution to End Child Slavery

1 **WHEREAS,** Millions of child slaves, some as young as five years of age, are forced to
2 produce up to 75% of the world’s cocoa beans, grown in West Africa.

3 **WHEREAS,** An estimated 2.1 million children work in the fields harvesting cocoa with
4 little or no pay and most are victims of trafficking and slavery, and;

5 **WHEREAS,** these children are forced to engage in hazardous work, which includes
6 working with sharp tools, agricultural chemicals, and carrying heavy
7 loads; and

8 **WHEREAS,** Major chocolate producers, such as Hershey, Nestle and Mars, continue
9 unchecked; and

10 **WHEREAS,** the international chocolate industry predicts a thirty percent increase of
11 chocolate consumption by the year 2020; therefore, be it

12 **RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled ban the import of any cocoa beans,
13 powder, or other cocoa products from African countries that continue to
14 utilize child labor in the production of cocoa; and be it

15 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** That the United States restrict the sale of all commercial chocolate
16 candies, cocoa drinks, and all products made with cocoa produced from
17 child labor.

18 This resolution will go into affect six months after passage.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ransom Everglades.

**A BILL TO SANCTION MYANMAR TO
MITIGATE VIOLENCE AGAINST THE ROHINGYA PEOPLE**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** This legislation shall impose economic and military sanctions on
3 Myanmar.

4 **SECTION 2.** A. “Economic sanctions” shall be defined as a suspension of the
5 importation and exportation of consumer products to and from Myanmar.

6 B. “Military sanctions” shall be defined as a suspension on the transfer of
7 all military aid to Myanmar.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of State shall be charged with the implementation and
9 enforcement of these sanctions. The Department of State shall submit a
10 recommendation to Congress for the removal of the sanctions when the
11 following two conditions have been met:

12 A. The Burmese government grants citizenship to the Rohingya minority;
13 and

14 B. The Burmese government proposes a pant to mitigate future violence
15 against the Rohingya people.

16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect immediately upon passage.

17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

*Rep. Luke Tyson
Sewickley Academy*

A Resolution to Stop Nuclear Proliferation

1 Whereas, Nuclear states have not been denuclearizing at the rate needed to establish
2 peace; and

3 Whereas, Globally, nuclear weapons have been used to threaten state actors and its
4 citizens; and

5 Whereas, The United States has a moral obligation to its citizens to guarantee their
6 safety though establishing national security; and

7 Whereas, International negotiations are the only viable way to significantly decrease
8 nuclear proliferation globally; now, therefore, be it

9 Resolved, That the Congress here assembled establish international talks with all
10 nations possessing nuclear weapons to mutually phase out all nuclear
11 weapons and weapons-grade fissile material and, be it

12 Further Resolved, That the international community would further incentivize the
13 decrease of nuclear weapons through sanctions to countries not upholding
14 burdens set by the talks established, and economic assistance to those that
15 do so.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bennett Aikey, Wellington High School

A BILL TO COMBAT CYBERSECURITY RISKS IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A. The United States shall develop a Supply Chain Information Risk

3 Assurance Program (SCIRAP) to help companies manage contracts and
4 assess suppliers to prevent information risk.

5 B. SCIRAP shall target contracts that pose the greatest risk and grade
6 suppliers on their level of cyber protection. Reports on cybersecurity
7 practices will be required annually and be evaluated to determine how to
8 make information more secure.

9 C. The Department of Defense and Department of Homeland Security
10 shall each allocate \$1 billion from their budget towards SCIRAP annually.

11 **SECTION 2.** Contracts shall include but not be limited to confidentiality agreements.

12 Suppliers shall be defined as a person, company, or organization that sells
13 or supplies goods or equipment to companies. Information risk shall be
14 defined as danger to the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of data.

15 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense and the Department of Homeland Security
16 will jointly oversee the enforcement and implementation of this
17 legislation.

18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on October 1, 2018.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

*Rep. Angela Yan
Dreyfoos School of the Arts*

A Bill to End the Rohingya Genocide

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- Section 1.** To end the Rohingya genocide, the U.S. shall encourage international cooperation, send short term aid to the Rohingya, impose economic sanctions on wrongdoers, take in additional refugees, and set up safe zones in the region.
- Section 2.**
- A.** The U.S. shall establish safe zones within Myanmar, specifically the Rakhine State, protected by U.S. troops, which shall only be accessible to assisting troops, the Rohingya, and NGO's. 10,000 U.S. troops shall be deployed for this purpose.
- B.** The U.S. shall impose targeted economic sanctions against Myanmar and Bangladeshi leadership. Sanctions on Bangladesh shall be removed upon their provision of a reasonable pathway to citizenship for Rohingya refugees. Sanctions on Myanmar shall be removed after their genocide upon the Rohingya peoples ceases. These sanctions are subject to re-implementation given the violation of the described terms.
- C.** The U.S. shall accept 10,000 additional Rohingya refugees, all of which must go through an enhanced background check.
- D.** The U.S. shall send 200 million USD in temporary aid to NGO's working in refugee camps in Bangladesh, and our established safe zones.
- E.** Any United Nations member nation which sends 0.5% of their military to defend safe zones, imposes targeted economic sanctions upon Bangladesh and Myanmar leadership until they meet our described conditions, sends 0.001077% of their GDP in temporary aid, and takes in 0.00303% of their populus in refugees will be designated by the U.S. with Most-Favored-Nation (MFN) trade status.
- Section 3.** The Department of Defense, Department of State, U.S. Agency for International Development, Department of the Treasury, Department of Commerce, and the Government Accountability Office shall be responsible for the oversight and enforcement of this bill.
- Section 4.** All provisions of this bill shall be implemented immediately, with the exception of Section 2D, which shall be implemented at the beginning of the next Fiscal Year.
- Section 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted, Senator Zachary Perrotta, Cooper City High School

A Bill to Aid Venezuela

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A. The United States will enact a progressive lifting of sanctions on
3 Venezuela.

4 B. The United States shall send 500 Million dollars each year, in 125
5 Million dollar installments on a quarterly basis, of Humanitarian and
6 Developmental aid to Venezuela.

7 **SECTION 2.** A. Humanitarian aid shall include but is not limited to food, water,
8 medical supplies, and basic necessities.

9 B. Developmental aid shall include but is not limited to developing
10 infrastructure for electricity, water supply, and transport.

11 **SECTION 3.** A. The Department of State shall be responsible for the lifting of
12 sanctions as well as administering all installments of aid.

13 B. The Department of State shall evaluate which sanctions to lift on a
14 quarterly basis.

15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on January 1st, 2018.

16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Gabrielle Cabeza of Western High School.

The Immigration Reform Act of 2017

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States will take extensive measures towards creating a more
3 comprehensive immigration policy by defunding sanctuary cities. All
4 federal funding given to sanctuary cities and counties shall cease
5 immediately.

6 **SECTION 2.** Sanctuary cities and counties shall be defined as cities and counties
7 whose law enforcement agencies fail to comply with established federal
8 immigration law.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of State, Department of Homeland Security, and
10 National Border Patrol will jointly be responsible for the enforcement of
11 this bill.

12 **A.** The number of H-2B visas shall be increased by 50,000, with at least
13 30,000 of these new visas to be given to immigrants residing in newly
14 defunded sanctuary locations.

15 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect in January 2018.

16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Giancarlo Cabeza of Western High School.